ALASKA COURT SYSTEM OFFICE OF THE ADMINISTRATIVE DIRECTOR ADMINISTRATIVE BULLETIN NO. 7 (Revised Effective October 17, 2022)

TO: ALL HOLDERS OF ADMINISTRATIVE BULLETIN SETS:

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SUBJECT: Case Numbering and Public Index

The attached policy on case numbering and the public index will become effective in all courts on the date stated below. The policy is being issued under the authority granted to the administrative director by Administrative Rules 1(b) and 41.

CONTENTS

| | | | <u>Page</u> |
|--------------|--|--|-------------|
| Section I. | Case | e Number Format | 4 |
| | A. | Case Type Suffixes | 4 |
| | B. | Non-Case Type Suffixes | 5 |
| Section II. | Case Numbering Policies | | 5 |
| | A. | Criminal Case | 5 |
| | B. | Civil Cases | 7 |
| | C. | Coroner Cases | 7 |
| | D. | Minor Offenses | 8 |
| | E. | CINA (Child In Need of Aid) Cases | 9 |
| | F. | Delinquency Cases | 9 |
| | G. | Probate Cases | 10 |
| | H. | Temporary Transfers of Case Files | 10 |
| | l. | Changes of Venue | 10 |
| | J. | Search Warrants | 11 |
| | K. | Appeals and Petitions for Review | 11 |
| | L. | Grand Jury Reports | 11 |
| | M. | Return of Seized Property (AS 12.36.070) | 11 |
| | N. | Underage Consuming Cases | 12 |
| Section III. | Change of Case Type When Case Removed from Public Index Under Administrative Rule 40(a) or AS 22.35.030 | | 13 |
| Section IV. | . Change of Case Type When Case Removed from Public Index Under Administrative Rules 37.6 and 40(a)(1) for Cases Confidential or Sealed by Court Order | | 14 |

| Administrative Bulletin No. 7 | |
|-------------------------------|--|
| Page 3 | |

| Section V. | Change of Case Type When Confidential Criminal, Underage Consuming, Minor Offense, and Minor Consuming Case Types Removed from Public Index | |
|-------------|---|----|
| Section VI. | Duplicate or Opened-In-Error Cases | 16 |

CASE NUMBERING

All CourtView courts must use the case numbering format described below.

Administrative Rule 41 lists the court location codes which begin each case number. These codes are the only court location codes that may be used. A new court location code can only be created by amending this rule.

I. CASE NUMBER FORMAT

All cases must be numbered in a separate numbering sequence for each case type and non-case type (listed in A & B below). The following format must be used for all case numbers:

Part 1: each court's 3-digit location code

-DASH-

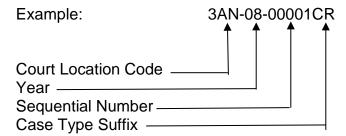
Part 2: two digits indicating the current year

-DASH-

Part 3: the next available number in the case type sequence

(each year the first case filed is given the number "1")

Part 4: a 2-letter suffix indicating the type of case.



A. Case Type Suffixes

| Case Type | Suffix |
|--------------------------------|--------|
| Criminal Cases | CR |
| CINA Cases | CN |
| Civil Cases | CI |
| Delinquency Cases | DL |
| Probate Cases | PR |
| Minor Offense Cases | MO |
| Municipal Parking ¹ | MP |
| Small Claims Cases | SC |
| Alcohol Underage | AU |

The case type "Municipal Parking" is currently used only for Municipality of Anchorage civil parking citations.

B. Non-Case Type Suffixes²

In addition, there are documents filed with the court that are not considered a case but are assigned a case number and entered in CourtView in order to track them. The non-case type suffixes are:

| Non-Case Type | Suffix |
|------------------------------------|--------|
| CINA/Delinquency Non-Case Filing | RC |
| Contempt of Court Non-Case Related | CI |
| General Criminal Non-Case Filing | GC |
| General Non-Case Filing | os |
| Marriage | ML |
| Probate Non-Case Filing | DN |
| Search Warrants | SW |
| Tribal Court Order Registration | TO |
| Trust Registration | TR |
| Will Registration | WI |
| | |

The CourtView instructions on "non-case" case types list the types of documents that must be assigned a case number with each of these suffixes.

II. CASE NUMBERING POLICIES

A. CRIMINAL CASES

 All criminal cases, including state, city, borough and municipality cases, must be numbered in one number sequence. The suffix "CR" must be written at the end of each criminal case number.

2. A felony case must be assigned a case number at the district or superior court in which it is initially filed. The case number does not change when the case is transferred to superior court jurisdiction.

For example: A felony case initiated in Seward is assigned a Seward criminal case number. When the case is indicted in the Kenai Superior Court, the case retains the Seward criminal case number. The case type changes from District Court Felony (3SW) to Superior Court Felony (3SW).

The following non-case suffixes are no longer used: (1) The non-case type of "Out-of-Town Bail" (suffix "OS") was used in CourtView from 8/5/02 to 7/18/05. After that date, this case type was no longer used because the centralization of CourtView accounting made it unnecessary. (2) The non-case type of "Death Certificates" (suffix "DC") was used in CourtView from 8/5/02 to 12/31/05. After that date, death certificates were no longer recorded in the courts. By agreement with the Bureau of Vital Statistics, death certificates, birth certificates and marriage licenses have been recorded directly with the Bureau of Vital Statistics since January 1, 2006.

- 3. All cases presented to the grand jury that were not initially filed in the district court must be assigned a case number, whether or not a true bill is returned. See the CourtView criminal instructions "Grand Jury Blind Case Numbering" for the procedures that must be followed in these cases.
- 4. The case number for a criminal case does not change if the case is transferred to another court for post-judgment proceedings.

5. Multiple Defendants

- a. Each defendant joined in a charging document under Criminal Rule 8(b) must be assigned a separate case number for administrative purposes. The prosecuting attorney must provide the court with two legible copies of the charging document for each defendant. The original charging document must be filed in the case file of the first defendant named in the charging document.
- b. If the charging document includes more than one count and more than one defendant, the heading of the charging document must indicate which counts apply to which defendants. Space must also be provided in the heading to assign separate case numbers to each defendant. ("Heading" means the top portion of the form containing the title of the court, the case caption and case number.)
- A separate court case file must be set up for each defendant.
 The file for each defendant must contain only the pleadings, motions and other documents pertaining to that defendant.
- d. The case caption of each pleading, motion and other document filed in a case must list only the names and case numbers of the defendants to which that document applies. Counsel must provide the court with file copies for each defendant listed in the document (pleading, motion, etc.). Attorneys must continue to serve copies of all pleadings, motions, etc., on all parties joined in the charging document as required by the rules of court.
- 6. A charge of AS 04.16.050(a) Minor Consuming/Possessing/Controlling Alcohol committed on or after October 4, 2016, must be charged and filed with the court as a separate "Not Published MO Minor Consuming" case type and may not be combined or joined with any other minor offense or criminal charge in one action at the time of filing. See Section II.D.

B. CIVIL CASES

There are two case numbering sequences for civil cases:

Small Claims Cases

All small claims cases must be numbered in a separate small claims number sequence.

2. Civil Cases

a. All civil cases, except small claims, must be numbered in one civil number sequence. Civil cases include district and superior court civil cases, domestic violence, stalking and sexual assault protective proceedings, dissolution and divorce cases, appeals and petitions for review to the superior court from administrative agencies and the district court (including criminal and minor offense appeals), and inquests, presumptive deaths and other coroner cases as explained in Section C.

b. Real Property Tax Foreclosure Cases

An answer filed in a real property tax foreclosure case will be assigned a new case number and handled as a separate action. Multiple answers filed involving the same property must be filed within the same case. No filing fee is required. The clerk will place a copy of the underlying complaint or petition in the subsequent related case. (Effective July 1, 2014.)

C. CORONER CASES

Before September 1996, coroner's case files were maintained using the coroner's case numbers, which consisted of a 3-digit location code + two digits indicating the year + a coroner's case number (beginning with "1" each year) + "CO". For example: 3KO-96-123CO. This case numbering system was used for all types of coroner's cases (including presumptive death cases).

In September 1996, the position of coroner was abolished by statute, and many of the duties formerly performed by judicial officers as coroners were transferred to the Office of the State Medical Examiner. The remaining judicial duties, which include inquests, presumptive death hearings, unclaimed body orders, and other miscellaneous requests (autopsy challenges, disinternments, etc.) should now be filed and numbered as civil cases.

D. MINOR OFFENSE CASES³

- 1. This section applies to all "minor offenses" as that term is defined in Minor Offense Rule 2, except for underage consuming offenses as explained in Section N. All minor offense cases must be numbered in a separate minor offense number sequence.
- 2. Each minor offense citation must be assigned a separate case number.⁴ Each citation may name only one defendant and only one offense. Minor Offense Rule 3(a),
- Multiple charges and defendants may be joined in an information or complaint. Each defendant joined in an information or complaint must be assigned a separate case number. Minor Offense Rule 4(b).
- 4. If a minor offense is joined with related criminal offenses, the minor offense will be assigned the same criminal case number as the related criminal offenses. Minor Offense Rule 17.
- 5. A charge of one of the following offenses committed on or after October 4, 2016, must be charged and filed with the court as a separate case type of: *Not Published Minor Consuming Minor Offense* and must be numbered as provided in D.1 above:
 - AS 04.16.049 Unauthorized Persons Under 21 on Alcohol Premises, or
 - AS 04.16.050(a) Minor Consuming/Possessing/Controlling Alcohol, or
 - a similar municipal offense.

Note: The above charges may <u>not</u> be combined or joined with any other minor offense or criminal charge in one action at the time of filing. Minor Offense Rules 4(h) and 17(h).

Prior to CourtView, the case number for a minor offense was the citation number. CourtView assigns a court case number in the format described in Section I. However, the citation number is still entered in the computer, and the case may be accessed by the citation number.

In order to facilitate data exchanges involving citations, the electronic citation, records, and case management systems only support one citation number for each case. Additionally, the Dept. of Public Safety citation form is designed only for one defendant and one offense.

E. CHILD IN NEED OF AID (CINA) CASES⁵

The court must assign a separate case number to each child listed in a CINA petition.

CINA and delinquency cases have separate case numbering series and separate case number suffixes. If a second petition is filed concerning a child, it gets a new case number. This procedure went into effect on August 5, 2003 in CourtView courts. This new procedure replaced the previous practice of assigning one CP case number to each child for all CINA and delinquency matters for the child's entire minority.

- 1. All CINA cases must be numbered in a separate CINA numbering sequence.
- 2. The CourtView instructions on CINA cases list the types of petitions and documents that initiate a new CINA case as well as the petitions and documents that do not initiate a new case but are merely filed in existing CINA case files.

F. DELINQUENCY CASES 6

- 1. All delinquency cases must be numbered in a separate delinquency numbering sequence.
- 2. The CourtView instructions on delinquency cases list the types of petitions and documents that initiate a new delinquency case as well as the petitions and documents that do not initiate a new case but are merely filed in existing delinquency case files.
- 3. The case number for a delinquency case does not change if the case is transferred to another court for post-disposition proceedings.

Prior to CourtView, CINA and delinquency cases were assigned a case number from the same numbering series using the suffix CP (Children's Proceedings). Each child was assigned one case number for all CINA and delinquency matters for the child's entire minority. At the time of conversion to CourtView, CP cases were converted under their CP case numbers. Once all petitions are disposed of in a CP case, any new petition filed for that child must be assigned a new case number using either the CINA or delinquency number series set out in this bulletin.

⁶ See the previous footnote.

G. PROBATE CASES

The CourtView instructions on probate cases list the types of documents for which a new probate case must be initiated. All probate cases must be numbered in a separate probate numbering sequence. Probate cases include:

| • | Adoptions | • | Medical Emergencies (Probate |
|---|------------------------|---|-------------------------------|
| • | Commitment | | Rule 18) |
| | Proceedings (Alcohol & | • | Minor Settlements |
| | Sanity) | • | Protective Proceedings |
| • | Emancipation | • | (Guardianship, |
| • | Estates | | Conservatorship, Financial |
| • | Judicial Bypass | | Abuse, etc.) |
| | (Probate Rule 20) | • | Approval of Marriage Of Minor |
| | | • | Temporary Property Custodian |
| | | | Appointments |
| | | • | Trust or Will Actions |

H. TEMPORARY TRANSFERS OF CASE FILES

If a case file is temporarily transferred from one court location to another but venue in the case is not changed, the receiving court must <u>not</u> assign its own case number to the case. Instead, the case must keep the case number assigned by the original court. The case file must be returned to the original court after the actions for which the file was transferred are completed.

Note: If a criminal case or delinquency case is transferred to another court for a post-judgment (or post-disposition) proceeding, this action is treated as a temporary transfer, not a change of venue. The case keeps the case number assigned by the original court.

I. CHANGES OF VENUE

If the venue of a case is changed, the court to which the case is being sent must assign a new case number to the case and must notify the original court and all parties in the case of the new case number. Form TF-910, Notice of Change of Case Number, is available for this purpose. When the venue is changed, the case file must remain at the new court and must not be returned to the original court after the case is closed.

Note: Felony cases transferred from a district court to a superior court location retain the original district court case number. This is not treated as a change of venue.

J. SEARCH WARRANTS

Search warrants must be numbered consecutively in a separate search warrant number sequence.

Search warrant records must be stored in a Search Warrant Envelope (CR-707), separate from the case files. When a search warrant becomes a public document under Criminal Rule 37(e)(1) or (2), the search warrant records must remain in the search warrant envelope. They are not to be moved to the corresponding criminal case files. See Administrative Bulletin 86.

K. APPEALS AND PETITIONS FOR REVIEW

Appeals and petitions for review from district court cases and from administrative agencies must be assigned civil case numbers.⁷

L. GRAND JURY REPORTS

Grand jury reports issued under Criminal Rule 6.1 must be given a General Criminal Non-Case Filing number (using the suffix GC).

Each court must maintain a grand jury report file (or files). Grand jury reports must remain in the grand jury report file even if an indictment is issued related to the report.

M. RETURN OF SEIZED PROPERTY (AS 12.36.070)

If a request for return of seized property under AS 12.36.070 is filed and there is an underlying criminal or search warrant case, the request must be given the case number of the underlying case.

If a request for return of seized property under AS 12.36.070 is filed and there is <u>no</u> underlying criminal or search warrant case, the request must be given a General Criminal Non-Case type case number (using the suffix GC).

Note: Requests for return of seized property under AS 12.36.070 must be filed by a law enforcement agency. Form CR-715 Request for Hearing for Return of Property may be used.

Appeals from administrative agencies have always been assigned a civil case number. The policy for assigning civil case numbers to appeals from the district court and to petitions for review went into effect January 1, 2001.

N. **Underage Consuming Cases**

This section applies to the following offenses.⁸ These cases must 1. be numbered in a separate underage consuming case number sequence. Criminal rules rather than minor offense procedures apply to these offenses. Criminal offenses may not be filed in an underage consuming case. Minor Offense Rule 18.

| AS 28.35.280 Minor Operating Vehicle after Consuming |
|---|
| AS 28.35.285 Minor Refusing To Submit to Chemical Test |
| AS 28.35.290 |

Minor Operating Vehicle Within 24 Hours of Being Cited for Offenses Under AS 28.35.280 or 285.

These three offenses must be assigned underage alcohol case numbers, even though they are classified as infractions in the statutes. Criminal procedures rather than minor offense procedures apply to these offenses because the mandatory community work service penalty triggers the rights to court-appointed counsel and a jury trial. See State v. Auliye, 57 P.3d 711, 715-16 (Alaska App. 2002) and Booth v. State, 903 P.2d 1079, 1087-88 (Alaska App. 1995.)

Any municipal offense similar to the above involving alcohol or marijuana that is not classified as a misdemeanor and with potential penalties that do not include incarceration but otherwise entitle the defendant to a jury trial and to counsel at public expense.

- 2. If an underage consuming offense is joined with related criminal offenses, the underage consuming offense will be assigned the same criminal case number as the related criminal offenses.
- 3. Effective January 1, 2015, the case number suffix for existing cases charging only these offenses (not joined with other criminal charges) was converted from "CR" to "AU". The rest of the case number did not change. For example, 3AN-11-02171CR was converted to 3AN-11-02171AU.

If committed prior to October 4, 2016, the following offenses must be must be numbered in a separate underage consuming case number sequence as provided in the January 15, 2016, version of this bulletin: AS 04.16.050(b) Minor Consuming/Possessing and AS 04.16.050(c) Repeat Minor Consuming/Possessing.

III. Change of Case Type When Case Removed from Public Index⁹ Under Administrative Rule 40(a) or AS 22.35.030

Effective August 1, 2014, Administrative Rule 40(a) was amended to require that certain dismissed cases be removed from the public index available on the court system's website. Effective October 1, 2016, AS 22.35.030 requires criminal cases (including alcohol underage) that end in acquittal or dismissal of all charges to be removed from public access from the court system's website 60 days after closure of the case. Effective April 15, 2021, Administrative Rule 40(a) was further amended to add two more case types to be removed from the public index: (1) certain criminal cases in which the conviction was set aside after the defendant successfully completed a suspended imposition of sentence; and (2) certain underage alcohol cases. Effective October 17, 2022, Administrative Rule 40(a) was again amended to remove additional civil protective order cases that met certain criteria.

To remove these cases from the public index on the court system's website, the CourtView case type for these cases will be changed as shown in the chart below, except as otherwise provided in Sections IV and V. The case number does not change. These six "Not Published" case types do not appear on the public index on the court system's website.

Cases filed prior to August 1, 2014, that met the requirements of Administrative Rule 40(a) have been converted to the new case type. Cases closed prior to October 1, 2016, that met the requirements of AS 22.35.030 have also been converted to the new case type. Cases filed prior to April 15, 2021, that met the requirements of Administrative Rule 40(a)(13) and (14) have been converted to the new case type.

| Old Case Type | New Case Type |
|--|---|
| Alcohol Underage/Underage Consuming | Not Published –Underage Consuming |
| Criminal District Court Misdemeanor | Not Published – Crim Dist Crt Misdo |
| Criminal District Court Felony | Not Published – Crim Dist Crt |
| Criminal Superior Court | Not Published – Crim Sup Crt Felony |
| Civil Protective Orders Domestic Violence | |
| Stalking or Other Protective Order | Not Published – Civil |
| Dom Viol Pre Conversion | |
| Minor Offense | Not Published – Minor Offense (AdmR 40) |

The public index available on the court system's website is also known as "CourtView Public Access Website". The public index available on the court system's website is different than the public index available at a courthouse.

10

IV. Change of Case Type When Case Removed from Public Index Under Administrative Rules 37.6 and 40(a)(1) for Cases Confidential or Sealed by Court Order Effective October 17, 2022, Administrative Rule 40(a)(1) was amended to require cases designated as confidential or sealed by court order under Administrative Rule 37.6 be removed from the public index available on the court system's website. These confidential or sealed cases are also removed from the public index available at a courthouse. To remove these cases from both indexes, the CourtView case type for these cases will be changed to "confidential" as shown in the chart below. 10 The case number does not change. These "confidential" case types do not appear on either index. Cases filed prior to October 17, 2022, that met the requirement of Administrative Rule 40(a)(1) and 37.6 have been converted to the new case type.

| Old Case Type | New Case Type |
|---------------------------------------|---|
| Not Published – Underage Consuming | CONFIDENTIAL – Underage Consuming |
| Criminal District Court Misdemeanor | CONFIDENTIAL – Crim Dist Crt Misdo |
| Criminal District Court Felony | CONFIDENTIAL - Crim Dist Crt Felony |
| Criminal Superior Court | CONFIDENTIAL – Crim Sup Crt Felony |
| Minor Offense | CONFIDENTIAL - Minor Offense |
| Not Published – Minor Consuming | CONFIDENTIAL - Minor Offense |
| Appeal from Administrative Agency | CONFIDENTIAL - Appeal from Administrative Agency |
| Appeal from District Court | CONFIDENTIAL - Appeal from District Court |
| Coroner | CONFIDENTIAL - Coroner |
| Change of Name | CONFIDENTIAL - Change of Name |
| Civil District Court | CONFIDENTIAL - Civil District Court |
| Foreign Judgment District Ct | CONFIDENTIAL - Foreign Judgment District Ct |
| Eviction District Court | CONFIDENTIAL - Eviction District Court |
| Dissolution w/out Children | CONFIDENTIAL - Dissolution w/out Children |
| Divorce without Children | CONFIDENTIAL - Divorce without Children |
| Dissolution One Spouse | CONFIDENTIAL - Dissolution One Spouse |
| Post-Conviction Relief-Dist Ct | CONFIDENTIAL - Post-Conviction Relief- Dist Ct |
| Domestic Relations Other | CONFIDENTIAL - Domestic Relations Other |
| Dissolution with Children | CONFIDENTIAL - Dissolution with Children |

A "not published" case that a court orders to be confidential or sealed will be converted to the pertinent "CONFIDENTIAL" case type.

| Div or Cust w/Children | CONFIDENTIAL - Div or Cust w/Children |
|----------------------------------|--|
| Legal Separation | CONFIDENTIAL - Legal Separation |
| Superior Court Misc Petition | CONFIDENTIAL - Superior Court Misc |
| | Petition |
| Petition for Review or Relief | CONFIDENTIAL - Petition for Review or |
| | Relief |
| Civil Superior Ct | CONFIDENTIAL - Civil Superior Ct |
| Foreign Judgment Superior Ct | CONFIDENTIAL - Foreign Judgment |
| | Superior Ct |
| Eviction Superior Court | CONFIDENTIAL - Eviction Superior Court |
| Post-Conviction Relief-Sup Ct | CONFIDENTIAL - Post-Conviction Relief- |
| | Sup Ct |
| Dom Viol No Children | CONFIDENTIAL - Dom Viol No Children |
| Dom Viol With Children | CONFIDENTIAL - Dom Viol With Children |
| Civil Protective Order | CONFIDENTIAL - Civil Protective Order |
| Contempt of Ct Non-Case Related | CONFIDENTIAL - Contempt of Ct Non- |
| | Case Related |
| Probate Non-Case Filing | CONFIDENTIAL - Probate Non-Case |
| | Filing |
| General Criminal Non-Case Filing | CONFIDENTIAL - General Criminal Non- |
| | Case Filing |
| Municipal Parking | CONFIDENTIAL - Municipal Parking |
| General Non-Case Filing | CONFIDENTIAL - General Non-Case |
| | Filing |
| Trust Registration | CONFIDENTIAL - Trust Registration |
| Will Registration | CONFIDENTIAL - Will Registration |
| Estate | CONFIDENTIAL – Estate |
| Protective Proceedings | CONFIDENTIAL - Protective Proceedings |
| Trust or Will Actions | CONFIDENTIAL - Trust or Will Actions |
| Small Claims | CONFIDENTIAL - Small Claims |

V. Change of Case Type When Confidential Criminal, Underage Consuming, Minor Offense, and Minor Consuming Case Types Removed from Public Index¹¹

Criminal, Underage Consuming, Minor Offense, and Minor Consuming case types are changed to a "confidential" case type if the case is closed for one of the following reasons:

- (1) identity error (Administrative Rule 40(a)(5)), or
- (2) the named defendant was a minor wrongly charged in adult court with an offense within the jurisdiction for delinquency proceedings under AS 47.12.020 (Administrative Rule 40(a)(6)).

These "confidential" case types do not appear on either the public index on the court system's website (CourtView Public Access Website) or the public index available at a courthouse, unless otherwise provided by other court rules.

The case type will be changed as shown in the chart below. The case number does not change. Cases closed prior to October 4, 2016, that met this requirement have also been converted to the new case type.

| Old Case Type | New Case Type |
|---------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| Not Published – Underage Consuming | CONFIDENTIAL – Underage Consuming |
| Criminal District Court Misdemeanor | CONFIDENTIAL – Crim Dist Crt Misdo |
| Criminal District Court Felony | CONFIDENTIAL - Crim Dist Crt Felony |
| Criminal Superior Court | CONFIDENTIAL - Crim Sup Crt Felony |
| Minor Offense | CONFIDENTIAL - Minor Offense |
| Not Published – Minor Consuming | CONFIDENTIAL - Minor Offense |

VI. Duplicate or Opened-In-Error Cases

A case number assigned to a case opened in error or to a case for which a valid case number exists (duplicate case) will not display on the public index available on the court system's website or the public index available at a courthouse. A case number assigned to an opened-in-error or duplicate case will not be reassigned to a new case. The court will keep an internal log of opened-in-error and duplicate cases.

| Date: November 2, 2022 | /s/ |
|---------------------------------|-------------------------|
| NUNC PRO TUNC: October 17, 2022 | Stacey Marz |
| | Administrative Director |

The following is a history of the case numbering bulletins prior to implementation of CourtView: Originally issued as Bulletin No. 81-4, effective January 1, 1982; reissued as Bulletin No. 7 on April 6, 1987; amended May 1, 1989, effective May 1, 1989; amended January 1, 1995; amended December 29, 1998; effective July 1, 2008 Bulletin 7 (non-CourtView courts) and 7.1 (CourtView courts) were issued; effective September 27, 2010, Bulletin 7 was rescinded and Bulletin 7.1 was revised and renumbered as Bulletin 7; amended effective April 1, 2013; amended effective July 1, 2014; amended effective January 1, 2015; amended effective January 15, 2016; amended effective October 4, 2016; amended effective November 15, 2018; revised effective April 15, 2021; revised effective October 17, 2022.

Prior administrative bulletins on case numbering are:

No. 77-2, effective January 1, 1978 33 No. 78-4, effective January 1, 1979

This bulletin was changed by revising Section D on Minor Offenses to clarify that:

- each citation must be assigned a separate case number,
- multiple charges and defendants may be joined in an information or complaint,
- each defendant joined in an information or complaint must be assigned a separate case number, and
- paragraph (5) was revised to include "similar municipal offense" to offenses that must be charged and filed with the court as a separate case type and may not be combined or joined with any other minor offense criminal charge.